

INNOVATION SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



Scopus || Electronic journal specializing in Scopus

ISSUE 4

 Acceptance of papers **April, 2026**



Acceptance of papers

Published monthly



Topics

economics, technology, social sciences

ISSN 3060-5229

Editorial board:



EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Mirzaliyev Sanjar Makhmatjon ugli

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Makhmudov Nosir Makhmudovich
DSc., Prof., Academician

DEPUTY EDITOR-IN-CHIEF:

Ochilov Bobur Bakhtiyor ugli – Senior
lecturer at TSUI

THE SCIENTIFIC-POPULAR ELECTRONIC
JOURNAL **"INNOVATION SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY"** HAS BEEN REGISTERED
UNDER THE NUMBER **C-5669633** BY THE
AGENCY FOR INFORMATION AND MASS
COMMUNICATIONS (AOKA) OF THE
REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN, EFFECTIVE
FROM OCTOBER 9, 2024.

CONTACTS

Phone: **+998 50 737 87 88**

Website: <https://ist-journal.uz>

Email: innovationist2025@gmail.com

The scientific electronic journal "Innovation Science and Technology" has been included in the list of scientific publications recommended for the publication of main scientific results of dissertations for the award of PhD and DSc degrees in economics and technical sciences, in accordance with the Resolution No. 370 of the Presidium of the Higher Attestation Commission of the Republic of Uzbekistan, dated May 8, 2025.



Sharipov Kongiratbay Avezimbetovich,
Doctor of Technical Sciences (DSc), Professor



Abdurakhmanova Gulnora Kalandarovna, Doctor of
Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor



Cham Tat Huei,
Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), Professor (Malaysia)



Muhammad Imran Sadiq
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD), Professor,
Malaysia



Ahmed Aziz Ismail
Doctor of Technical Sciences (DSc),
Professor (Egypt)



Lee Chin
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD), (Malaysia)



Asongu SImplice
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD), Cameroon



Rui Dang
Doctor of Chemistry (DSc), Professor, China



Zahoor Ahmed
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD), Turkey



Shujaat Abbas
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD), Russia



Tina A Coffelt
Doctor of Philosophy in Educational Sciences (PhD),
USA



Abdikarimova Dinara Rustamxanovna
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor

Kurbonbekova Mohichehra Turobjonovna
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor

Alimardonov Ilkhom Muzrabshokovich
Doctor of Economic Sciences (DSc), Professor



Razakova Barno Sayfiyevna
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD)



Khasanov Sarvar Ulugbek ugli
Doctor of Philosophy in Economics (PhD)



Kholikova Rukhsora Sanjarovna
Associate Professor (PhD)

CONTENTS

THE IMPACT OF FINANCIAL RISKS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF REGIONAL ECONOMIC GROWTH DRIVERS AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR THEIR MITIGATION	17
Turopova Nigora Xolmurod qizi	
UTILIZATION OF INTERNAL RESERVES FOR INCREASING THE EFFICIENCY OF REGIONAL TOURISM (CASE STUDY OF THE REPUBLIC OF KARAKALPAKSTAN)	20
Naurizbaev Aliakbar Rustamovich	
MATHEMATICAL MODELS AND ALGORITHMS FOR PROCESSING NOISE DATA	23
Jovlieva Dilnoz Mustofa qizi	
ASSESSMENT OF THE IMPACT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS IN BUSINESS ACTIVITIES AND WAYS TO REDUCE THEM.....	28
Abdukhamid Abdumalikovich Bektemirov	
A MULTI-LEVEL SYSTEM OF STATISTICAL INDICATORS FOR REGIONAL TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE ASSESSMENT: METHODOLOGY AND APPROBATION	34
Keunimzhaev Mukhamedali Kuanyshaevich	
THE IMPACT OF BANKS ON THE FINANCIAL STABILITY OF THE ECONOMY OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN	39
Usmonov Faridun Firdavsievich, Ishonkulova Feruza Asatovna	
EMPIRICAL EVALUATION OF MACRO- AND MICROECONOMIC FACTORS AFFECTING THE EFFICIENCY OF INVESTMENT ACTIVITY AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP WITH ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY.....	43
Aytmuratova Ulbike Jalgasovna	
MECHANISMS FOR IMPROVING ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY THROUGH OPTIMIZATION OF PRODUCTION RESOURCE POTENTIAL IN UZBEKISTAN	47
Sattarov Abdusamat Umirqulovich	
PROMISING DIRECTIONS FOR APPLYING FOREIGN EXPERIENCE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF GREEN TOURISM IN UZBEKISTAN	52
Rakhimova Dilfuza Mirzakasimovna	
PRIORITIES FOR REGULATING FINANCIAL RELATIONS IN PROVIDING HOUSING TO THE POPULATION IN UZBEKISTAN.....	58
Khannarov Komiljon Karimovich	
IMPROVING THE ORGANIZATION OF PRODUCTION COST ACCOUNTING IN FULL-SYSTEM FARMS SPECIALIZING IN THE CULTIVATION OF CYPRINID FISH.....	62
Aitimbetov Amirbek Qoishibekovich	
THE TRANSFORMATIONAL ROLE OF SMALL BUSINESS IN UZBEKISTAN'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT: A COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS BASED ON 2025 NATIONAL STATISTICS.....	68
Isakjanova Sabokhat Muhamedovna	
AN INTEGRATED METHODOLOGICAL FRAMEWORK FOR ADVANCING GREEN TOURISM MODELS IN THE DIGITAL ECONOMY ERA.....	79
Rasulova Nigora Yusupovna	
FACTORS AFFECTING THE COMPETITIVENESS OF COMPANIES.....	83
Kamoliddinov Ilhomjon Muhammadjonovich, Nosirov Eldor Nosirjon ugli	
THE ROLE OF INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES IN INCREASING THE EXPORT POTENTIAL OF THE UZBEK ECONOMY.....	88
Musayeva Shoira Azimovna	
DEVELOPMENT OF MARKET FACTORS TO ENSURE THE GROWTH OF THE ECONOMIC POTENTIAL OF THE ENTERPRISE (USING THE EXAMPLE OF THE SAG EXPRESS BRAND STORES)	92
Usmonova Dilfuza Ilkhomovna	
THE CONCEPT OF REGIONAL IMAGE AND ITS ECONOMIC CONTENT (THE CASE OF THE KHOREZM REGION).....	99
Dilshod Ibragimovich Ibdullayev	

DEVELOPMENT OF QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS IN THE CONTEXT OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION	106
Shakhnoza Samandarovna Ziyadillayeva	
ADVANCED APPROACHES TO THE ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT OF CURRENT FINANCIAL STABILITY IN JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES USING CFAR (CASH FLOW AT RISK) AND 3 Σ STATISTICAL RISK MODELS	114
Kurbonov Xayrilla	
DEVELOPMENT OF A PROGRAM FOR ANALYZING MEDICAL LABORATORY RESULTS USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODELS.....	118
Gofurjonov Muhammadali, Kamolov Shamsiddin	
APPLICATION OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION IN IMPROVING MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS INDUSTRY ENTERPRISES.....	122
Ubaydullayev Mukhammadjon Abdusamad o'g'li	
IMPROVING MECHANISMS FOR ENHANCING THE RESOURCE POTENTIAL OF ORGANIZATIONS IN THE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES SECTOR.....	125
Ibrohim Meliboyev	
ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS OF THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SERVICE QUALITY AND ECONOMIC EFFICIENCY.....	130
Khudoyorov Lochinbek Bahromovich	
MONETARY POLICY INSTRUMENTS IMPROVE USAGE PRACTICES	135
A.A. Ismailov	
E-COMMERCE ADOPTION IN TRADITIONAL STORES.....	140
Nuserov Bakhtiyor	
ENHANCING FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY AND OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY OF JSC "HUDUDGAZTAMINOT": KEY FACTORS AND DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION STRATEGIES.....	146
Ergashev Muhibbek Aslamovich	
METHODS FOR IMPROVING AUTOMOTIVE FUEL QUALITY INDICATORS THROUGH THE USE OF ADDITIVES.....	151
Xushnayev Obid, Sheraliyev Ulugbek, Astonov Alisher	
MONETARY POLICY INSTRUMENTS.....	156
A.A. Ismailov	
THE ROLE OF STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT IN ENHANCING A COUNTRY'S INTERNATIONAL IMAGE: THE CASE OF SWITZERLAND.....	161
Idirisbaeva Hurliman Amanbay qizi, Kurolov Maksud Obitovich	
VOLUNTEER TOURISM: CURRENT IMPACTS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS	170
Ossama Moustafa Elsetouhy	
COMPUTER GRAPHICS IN MODERN EDUCATION: PRACTICAL CAPABILITIES OF THE FIGMA PLATFORM.....	176
Maxamadov Rustam Xabibullayevich, Djamatov Mustafa Xatamovich	
DEVELOPING THE FINANCIAL SUSTAINABILITY OF HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS BASED ON DIGITAL TECHNOLOGIES.....	182
Abdurasulov Sardor Tolqin ugli	
THE IMPORTANCE AND PROSPECTS OF TOURISM DEVELOPMENT	187
Ibodova Dilsora Ibodovna, Qosimov Jahongir Ruziboyevich	
STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMIZING THE STRUCTURE OF COMMERCIAL BANK ASSETS AND INCREASING EFFICIENCY IN UZBEKISTAN	194
Ibrohimov Davronbek Muhammadi o'g'li	
STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF EXPORTS OF PRODUCTS BASED ON ARTIFICIAL FIBERS.....	199
Raximov Furqat Jalolovich	
FUNDAMENTALS OF USING MARKETING RESEARCH TO IMPROVE SALES SYSTEM EFFECTIVENESS.....	206
Abduxalilova Laylo Tuxtasinovna	

FASHION MARKETING AS AN INSTRUMENT FOR SHAPING CONSUMER-BASED BRAND VALUE.....	213
Navruz-Zoda Bakhtiyor Negmatovich, Aripova Makhliyo Salakhiddinovna	
ENSURING SUSTAINABLE GROWTH OF THE NATIONAL ECONOMY IN THE CONTEXT OF DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION, IMPROVING INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES, AND ENHANCING THE EFFICIENCY OF IMPLEMENTING DIGITAL ECONOMY PRINCIPLES IN THE FINANCE, BANKING, AND TOURISM SECTORS	220
Inatullayeva Intizor Jamshid qizi, Uroqov Uchqun Yunusovich	
SOCIAL AND SECURITY PROBLEMS OF INNOVATIVE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION.....	223
Q.A. Musakhanov	
DIGITAL ECONOMY AND INNOVATION AS FACTORS OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT IN UZBEKISTAN	228
Ibragimova Saodat Abdumuminovna, Sadullayeva Sevvara Uchqun qizi	

DIGITAL ECONOMY AND INNOVATION AS FACTORS OF SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT IN UZBEKISTAN

Ibragimova Saodat Abdumuminovna

Professor, Tashkent State Technical University named after Islam Karimov;

ORCID: 0000-0001-6230-8009

E-mail: saodatib@yandex.com

Sadullayeva Sevara Uchqun qizi

Postgraduate Student, Tashkent State Technical University named after Islam Karimov

Abstract: This article examines the priority areas for the development of the digital economy, innovation, and the social sphere in the Republic of Uzbekistan in the context of global transformations. It analyzes the processes of digitalization of public administration and the modernization of human capital. The article substantiates the need for a comprehensive approach to digital transformation, including institutional reforms, the development of an innovation ecosystem, and ensuring social inclusion.

Key words: digitalization, digital economy, digital transformation, global transformation, innovation, human capital, government reforms, social development, innovation ecosystem.

INTRODUCTION

The development of the digital economy is one of the top priorities of the state, since improving the economic system without the widespread use of information and computer technologies cannot be considered effective. The global transformations of the 21st century are characterized by the rapid digitalization of the economy, the growing role of innovation, artificial intelligence, and platform-based development models. Under these conditions, the digital economy has become a key factor in ensuring the competitiveness of states.

The Republic of Uzbekistan is implementing large-scale reforms aimed at transitioning to a digital economy and an innovation-driven development model. The fundamental strategic documents in this direction are the “Digital Uzbekistan–2030” Strategy and the “Uzbekistan–2030” Strategy, which are focused on modernizing public administration, developing ICT infrastructure, and improving the quality of life of the population [1].

LITERATURE REVIEW

An analysis of scientific literature on the digital economy, innovation development, and social transformation shows that this issue is interdisciplinary in nature and is actively explored in both international and domestic research. In global academic thought, the digital economy is considered a new stage in the development of post-industrial society, based on the use of data, digital platforms, and information and communication technologies. Researchers emphasize that digitalization is becoming a key factor in increasing labor productivity, improving the efficiency of public administration, and creating new markets [1].

Particular attention is given to the concepts of Industry 4.0, the platform economy, and data-driven governance. In the works of the World Bank, OECD, and UNDP, digital transformation is interpreted as a comprehensive process that includes the development of infrastructure, human capital, and the institutional environment. It is noted that the success of the digital economy depends not only on the level of technological development, but also on the quality of institutions, the level of digital literacy of the population, and the state’s capacity for adaptive governance [2].

In scientific studies devoted to the countries of Central Asia, including Uzbekistan, the digital economy is viewed as a strategic direction for modernizing the national economy. Domestic researchers identify such priority areas as the development of e-government, the digitalization of public services, the formation of the IT industry, and support for the startup ecosystem [3].

Special attention in the literature is paid to the state policy of the Republic of Uzbekistan. The implementation of the “Digital Uzbekistan–2030” and “Uzbekistan–2030” strategies is regarded as a systemic basis for the country’s digital transformation. Studies also emphasize the role of IT Park Uzbekistan as an institutional center for innovation development and IT exports, contributing to the country’s integration into the global digital economy [4].

A separate body of research is devoted to the development of human capital. Scholars note that the insufficient level of digital competencies, the shortage of IT specialists, and the limited innovation culture represent major barriers to digital transformation. In this regard, the need to reform the education system, introduce STEM directions, and develop digital literacy programs is emphasized [5].

The social aspects of digitalization are also widely discussed in the literature. It is noted that digital transformation expands access to education, healthcare services, and public services; however, at the same time, it may increase digital inequality between regions and social groups [6].

Thus, the analysis of the literature shows that despite the significant number of existing studies, the issues of comprehensive interaction between the digital economy, innovation policy, and social development in the context of global transformations remain insufficiently explored, especially in developing countries, including Uzbekistan.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The study employs the following research methods: systemic analysis of socio-economic processes; comparative analysis of international experience in digitalization; content analysis of regulatory documents of the Republic of Uzbekistan; and generalization of data obtained from the World Bank, the United Nations, and national development strategies.

The information base of the research consists of government programs, analytical reports, and scientific publications devoted to digital transformation processes.

ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

Development of Digital Infrastructure

Within the framework of the “Digital Uzbekistan–2030” program, active development of digital infrastructure is being carried out. This includes the expansion of broadband internet networks, the implementation of 4G and 5G technologies, the development of data centers and cloud technologies, as well as the strengthening of cybersecurity systems [8].

Digitalization of Public Administration

One of the key areas of reform is the development of e-government. This process includes the operation of the public services portal, my.gov.uz, the implementation of interagency electronic interaction systems, the reduction of administrative barriers, and the enhancement of transparency in public services. The digitalization of public administration contributes to reducing transaction costs and improving the efficiency of the state apparatus [9].

Development of the Innovation Ecosystem

A key institution for innovation development is IT Park Uzbekistan, established in 2019, which provides support for startups and IT companies, tax and customs incentives, promotion of IT exports, and the formation of a technological ecosystem [10]. In addition, technoparks and innovation centers are being established in various regions of the country.

Development of Human Capital

Special attention is given to the development of human capital. Priority measures include the implementation of STEM education, the digitalization of the education system, the establishment of IT academies and online courses, and programs aimed at improving digital literacy among the population. Human capital is regarded as a key factor of sustainable economic growth.

Social Development and Digital Inclusion

Digitalization has a significant impact on the social sphere. Major directions include the development of e-learning systems, the expansion of telemedicine services, the digitalization of social services, and the reduction of digital inequality between regions. These measures contribute to the formation of an inclusive digital society.

Innovation Policy and Strategic Priorities

Within the framework of the “Uzbekistan–2030” strategy, the following priority directions have been identified: the development of artificial intelligence, stimulation of investments in ICT, support for the startup ecosystem, and the development of a green and sustainable economy [7].

General Results of the Study

The results of the study show that Uzbekistan is currently at the stage of active digital transformation. However, several challenges remain, including the shortage of highly qualified IT personnel, regional digital inequality, dependence on imported technologies, and the need to strengthen the research and development base. At the same time, the country demonstrates high potential for the growth of IT exports, the development of the startup sector, and the expansion of international cooperation.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The digital economy in Uzbekistan is becoming a key factor of socio-economic development. The implementation of the “Digital Uzbekistan–2030” and “Uzbekistan–2030” strategies provides a solid foundation for the formation of an innovative, sustainable, and inclusive economy.

Priority areas of development include the expansion of digital infrastructure, the strengthening of the innovation ecosystem, the development of human capital, and the promotion of social inclusion. In particular, the development of digital infrastructure and workforce competencies in the field of the digital economy should become one of the principal drivers of sustainable economic growth.

At the same time, in the context of the growing number of cybercrimes, it is necessary to ensure the resilience, stability, and security of digital infrastructure. Strengthening cybersecurity systems and enhancing institutional capacity in this sphere are essential conditions for sustainable digital transformation.

For the further development of digitalization processes in Uzbekistan, special attention should be paid to the following areas: further improvement of professional skills and competencies of specialists in this field; modernization of training and retraining mechanisms and the creation of a competitive environment in educational centers; increasing internet speed, reducing service costs, and ensuring information security for all enterprises and organizations; establishment of electronic accounting systems in enterprises and institutions; development of software platforms for priority sectors of the economy; and continuous improvement of the electronic public services system.

Thus, the consistent implementation of these measures will contribute to enhancing national competitiveness, improving living standards, and accelerating the country’s integration into the global digital economy.

REFERENCES

1. Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the approval of the “Digital Uzbekistan–2030” Strategy and measures for its effective implementation. – Tashkent, 2020-10-05. – No. UP-6079.
2. Shavkat Mirziyoyev Digital Uzbekistan–2030: Strategy for the Development of the Digital Economy. – Tashkent: Uzbekistan, 2020. – 128 p.
3. Ministry of Digital Technologies of the Republic of Uzbekistan Official data on the development of the digital economy in 2024. – Tashkent, 2025. – 56 p.
4. Central Bank of the Republic of Uzbekistan Report on the Development of Payment Systems and Cashless Transactions in 2024. – Tashkent, 2025. – 72 p.
5. IT Park Uzbekistan Annual Report on the Activities of IT Park for 2024. – Tashkent, 2025. – 48 p.
6. Agency of Statistics under the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Statistical Yearbook of Uzbekistan – 2024. – Tashkent, 2025. – 320 p.
7. Khusainov, R. R., & Ibragimova, S. A. The impact of automation and artificial intelligence on the structure of employment in Uzbekistan: Growth in demand for highly skilled staff and displacement of routine labor. *Latin American Journal of Education*, 2026, Vol. 6, No. 2, pp. 91–104.
8. Ibragimova, S., & Sadullayeva, S. Innovative methods in production quality management. *Interpretation and Researches*, 2025, No. 6, p. 52.
9. Abdumuminovna, I. S. Problems and prospects of the transition to a green economy in Uzbekistan. *Universal Journal of Law, Finance and Applied Sciences*, 2025, Vol. 3, No. 21, pp. 60–66.
10. Abdumuminovna, I. S. The main ways to ensure the economic security of industrial enterprises in the digital economy. *JournalNX*, 2023, Vol. 9, No. 1, pp. 29–33.
11. Ibragimova, S., & Bakhodirova, K. Formation of investment activities of energy enterprises. *E3S Web of Conferences. EDP Sciences*, 2023, Vol. 461, Article 01074.
12. Abdumuminovna, I. S. Management of innovative development of socio-economic systems. *Asian Journal of Multidimensional Research*, 2022, Vol. 11, No. 4, pp. 62–66.
13. Abdumuminovna, I. S. Features of modern innovative development and formation of an innovative system. *Asian Journal of Research in Banking and Finance*, 2022, Vol. 12, No. 3, pp. 14–17.
14. Ibragimova, S., & Xusainov, R. ESG standartlarini joriy etish in O‘zbekneftgaz aksiyadorlik jamiyati. *Muhandislik va Iqtisodiyot*, 2026, Vol. 4, No. 1.
15. Abdumuminovna, I. S., & Dilshod o‘g‘li, M. S. Aksiyadorlik jamiyatlari boshqaruvida innovatsion usullarni joriy etishning zamonaviy tendensiyalari. *Yangi O‘zbekiston Iqtisodiyoti*, 2026, Vol. 1, No. 1.
16. Ибрагимова С. Роль искусственного интеллекта на мировом рынке // *Interpretation and Researches*. – 2025. – № 5 (51).

17. Ибрагимова С. А., Муродов Ш. Д. Основные аспекты цифровой трансформации бизнеса и концепция управления изменениями // Таълим тизимида ижтимоий-гуманитар фанлар, Tashkent State Technical University named after Islam Karimov, 2026. – № 3. – С. 161–167.
18. Abdumuminovna I. S. "Yashil" iqtisodiyot va ekologik madaniyat: kelajakka nazar // Singapore International Scientific Conference. – 2026. – Т. 1. – № 2. – С. 83–89.
19. Ibragimova S., Abdulazizov F. Сравнительный анализ современных моделей механизма корпоративного управления // Interpretation and Researches. – 2025. – № 1 (47).
20. Ибрагимова С., Абдулазизов Ф. Развитие корпоративного управления в Узбекистане на основе современных мировых стандартов // Yashil Iqtisodiyot va Taraqqiyot. – 2025. – Т. 3. – № 1.
21. Ибрагимова С. Перспективы инновационного развития корпоративного управления в Узбекистане // Iqtisodiyot va Ta'lim. – 2022. – Т. 23. – № 2. – С. 123–128.
22. Ибрагимова С. А., Хусаинов Р. Р. Глобаллашув жараёнида миллий иқтисодиётни инновацион ривожлантириш йўналишлари ва истиқболлари // Экономика и финансы (Узбекистан). – 2021. – № 3 (139). – С. 62–67.

Proofreader: Zokir ALIBEKOV
Layout and Designer: Oloviddin Sobir ugli

2026. № 4

© When materials are reproduced, the INNOVATION SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY journal must be cited as the source. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of the information in materials and advertisements published in the journal. Editorial opinions may not always align with those of the authors. Submitted materials will not be returned to the editorial office.

To publish articles in this journal, you may submit articles, advertisements, stories, and other creative materials through the following links. Materials and advertisements are published on a paid basis.

You may subscribe to the journal at any time using the following details. Once subscribed, please send a screenshot or photo of your payment confirmation to our Telegram page @iqtisodiyot_77. Based on this, we will send the latest issue of the journal to your address each month.

“The journal “INNOVATION SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY” has been registered by the Agency for Information and Mass Communications under the Administration of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan from 09.10.2024 under the registration number №390637. License number: C-5669633. PNFL: 30407832680027

Our address: Tashkent city, Yunusobod district, 19th block,
House 17.




Acceptance of articles
Published every
monthly


Directions
Social, economic, political,
technological, scientific

 **Scopus || Scientific electronic journal specializing in Scopus**

CERTIFICATE NUMBER: №390637

**ORDER NUMBER ACCORDING TO
THE LICENSE REGISTER: C-5669633**

CONTACT:

 Contact us
+998 50 737 87 88

 Telegram channel
t.me/scopus_IST2100

 Journal official website
<https://ist-journal.uz/index.php/IST>